

Autoimmune Pathway Blockade By A Potent Orally Bioavailable STING Antagonist

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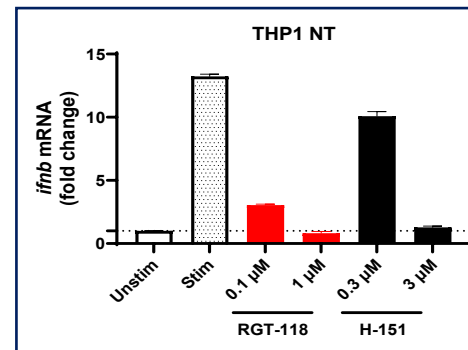
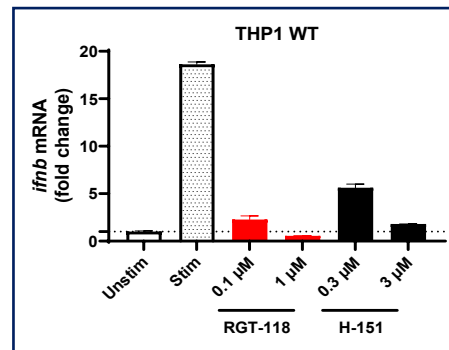
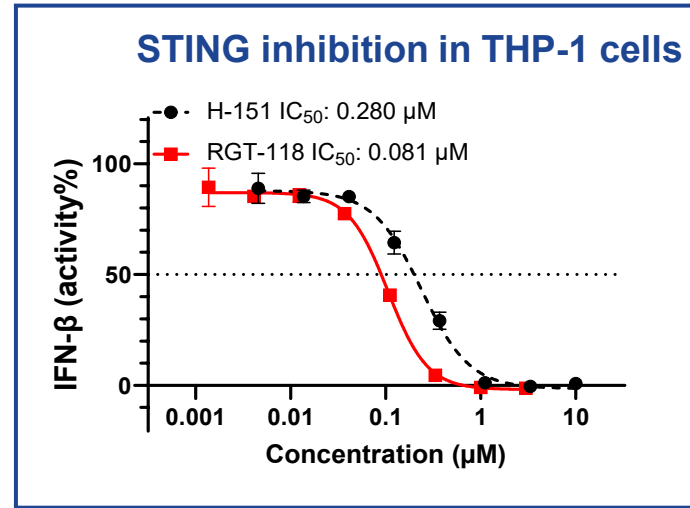
Regor Therapeutics Group

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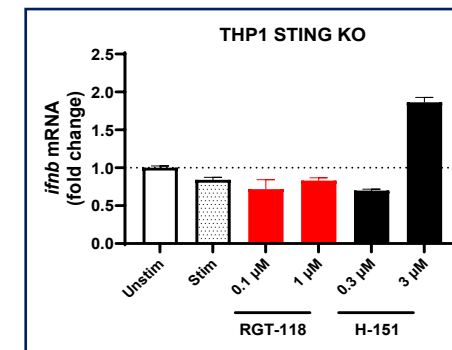


- cGAS-STING pathway as a key innate immune mediator senses self- and non-self DNA
- cGAS binds DNA and produces cGAMP, which activates STING-mediated immune signaling
- STING is activated on ER, signals after it translocates to Golgi and is degraded by the lysosome
- Therefore, STING antagonist can inhibit both ligand dependent and trafficking mediated disorders

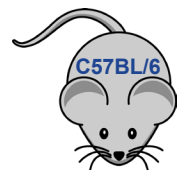
RGT-118 SELECTIVELY INHIBITED cGAS-STING SIGNALING *IN VITRO*



NT: non-targeting gRNA



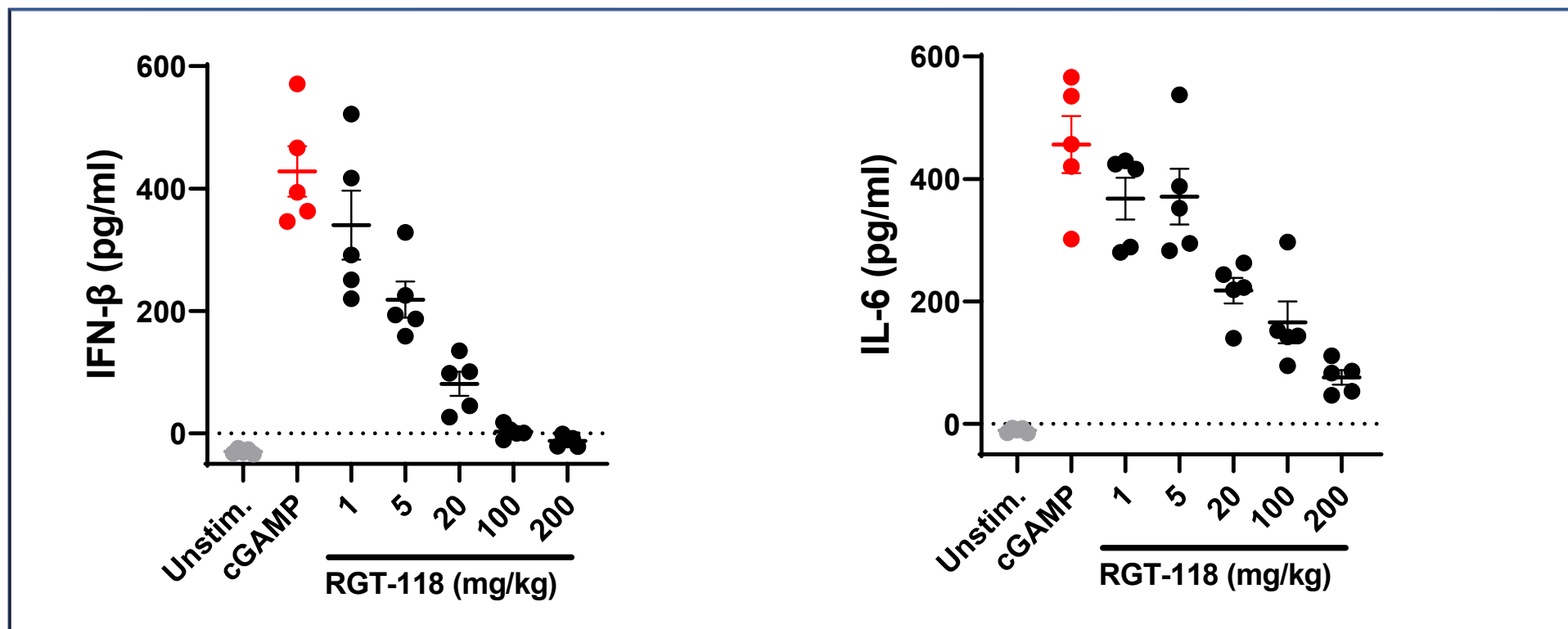
RGT-118 DOSE DEPENDENTLY SUPPRESSED cGAS-STING SIGNALING *IN VIVO*



RGT-118 (1~200 mg/kg), PO

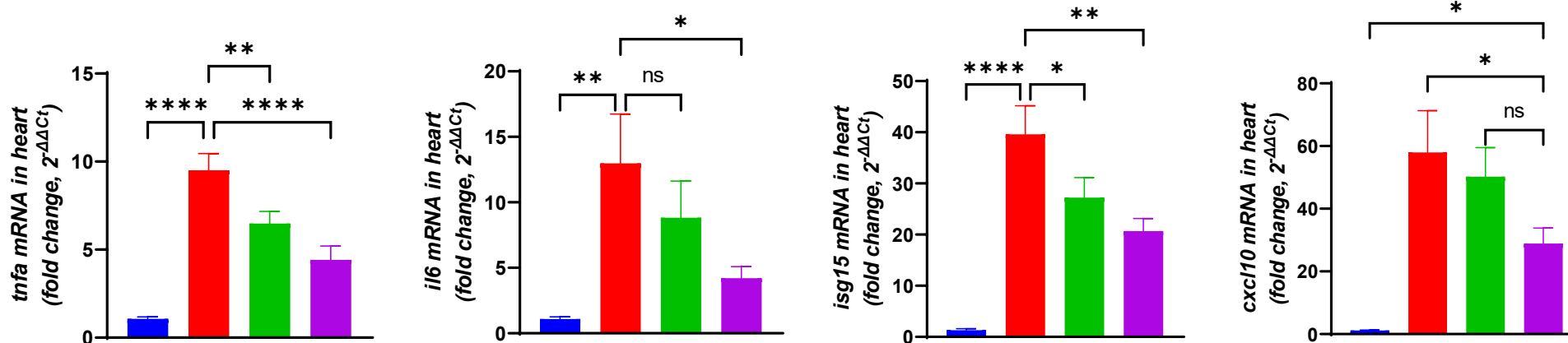
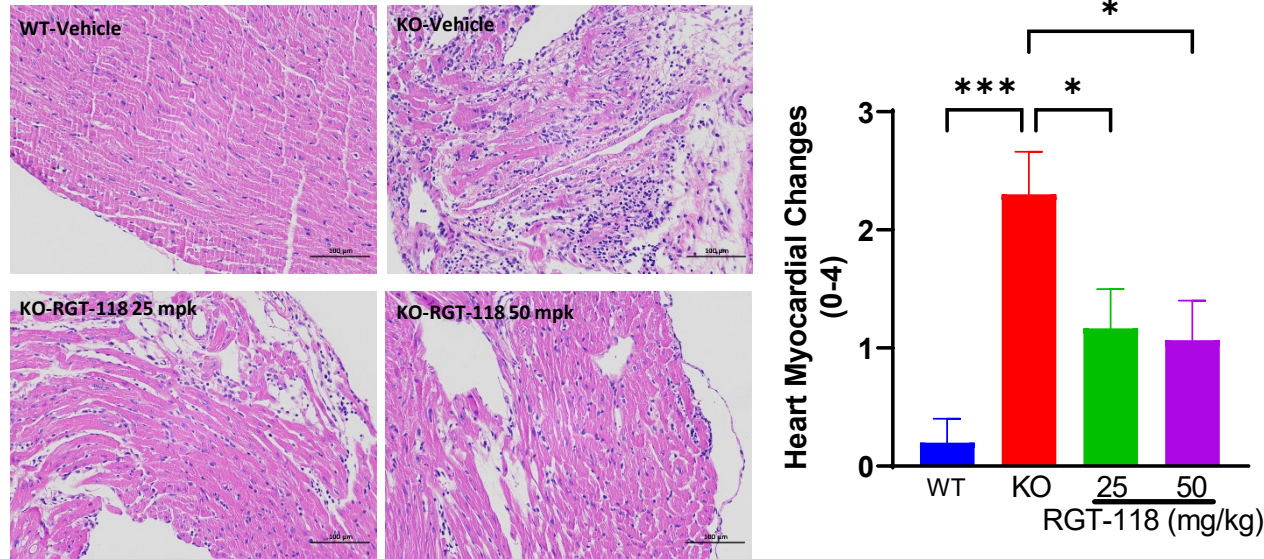
cGAMP (10 mg/kg), i.p.

sample collection



RGT-118 ALLEVIATED HEART INFLAMMATION IN TREX1^{-/-} MICE

- RGT-118, dosed PO QD for 4 weeks, ameliorated heart damage in lupus-like Trex1^{-/-} mice
- RGT-118 inhibited both NF- κ B and type I IFN pathways in a dose-dependent manner



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Day 5

AM: Scoring & Dosing
PM: IMQ immunization on back skin

Enrichment plot: HALLMARK_INFLAMMATORY_RESPONSE

Enrichment score (ES)

Ranked list metric (PreRanked)

Rank in Ordered Dataset

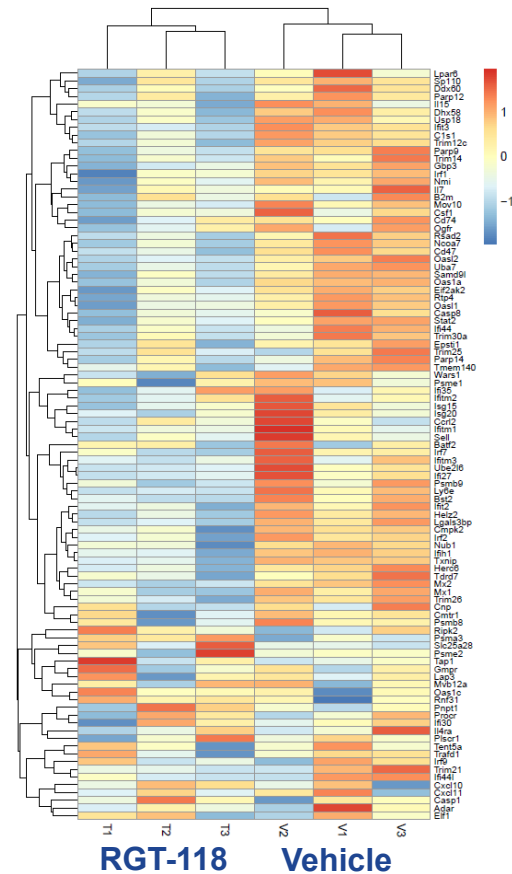
Zero cross at 11291

'na_pos' (positively correlated)

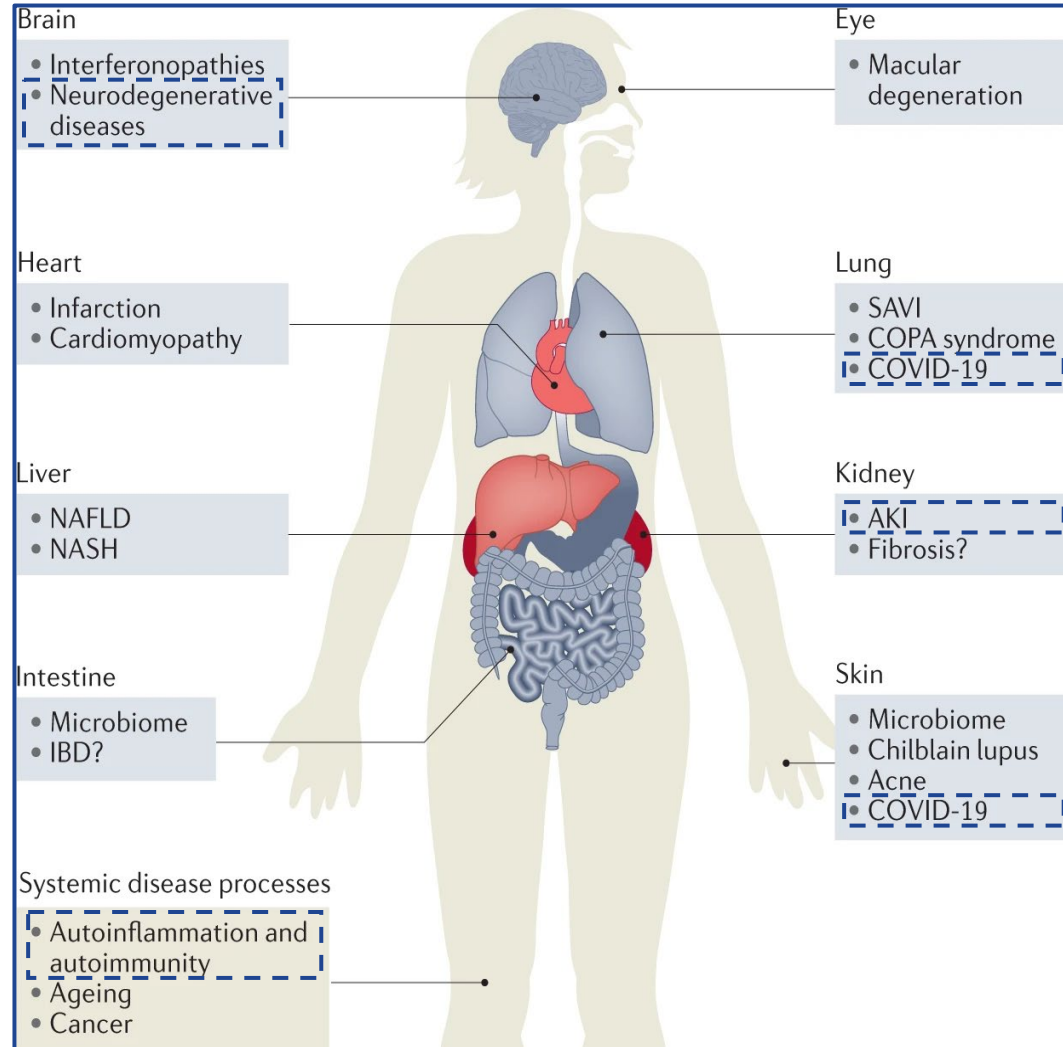
'na_neg' (negatively correlated)

Enrichment profile — Hits — Ranking metric scores

Skin RNA-Seq Analysis



OPPORTUNITY IN AUTOIMMUNE AND INFLAMMATORY DISEASES



Ligand-dependent

- SLE
- Sjögren's Syndrome
- Psoriasis
- AKI
- Long COVID
- Inflammaging

Trafficking-dependent

- ALS*
- NPC

* CSF exposure of RGT-118 was observed

SUMMARY

- **Indication:** Autoimmune and inflammatory diseases
- **Preclinical POC:** RGT-118 has been identified as a potent, selective and orally bioavailable small molecule STING antagonist with brain penetrant potential. RGT-118 inhibited cGAMP-induced downstream STING signaling in a dose-dependent manner *in vitro* and *in vivo*. RGT-118 alleviated heart inflammation in Trex1^{-/-} GEMM model and demonstrated therapeutic activities in autoimmune models such as IMQ-induced psoriasis model.
- **Status:** Preclinical characterization including the 14-day exploratory toxicity data in rats and dogs supports its further development.
- **Value Proposition:** RGT-118 provides first-in-class opportunity of an orally bioavailable small molecule STING antagonist with a novel MOA to treat patients with autoimmune and inflammatory diseases.

**ACCELERATED
DISCOVERY**
**BREAKTHROUGH
MEDICINES**

Thank you!
Looking Forward to Collaboration!



This study is fully supported by Regor Therapeutics Group.